

[TO BE INTRODUCED IN THE SENATE]

A
Bill

to provide for constitution of a National Commission for Minorities

WHEREAS in accordance with Article 144 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, the Provincial Assemblies of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Balochistan have passed resolutions to the extent that the Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament) may by law constitute a National Commission for Minorities;

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for constitution of a National Commission for Minorities to safeguard and promote social, economic, political and legal rights and interests of Minorities, as provided under Article 36 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, and in accordance with applicable international instruments relating thereto ratified by the Islamic Republic of Pakistan;

AND WHEREAS it is necessary that in order to enable the National Commission for Minorities to perform its functions effectively, it should be provided with sufficient resources and adequate powers to ensure its administrative and financial autonomy and to provide for matters connected therewith and incidental thereto.

It is hereby enacted as follows:-

CHAPTER-I PRELIMINARY

1. **Short title, extent and commencement.** - (1) This Act shall be called the National Commission for Minorities Act, 2025.

(2) It extends to the whole of Pakistan.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. **Definitions.** - In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,-

- (a) **"Commission"** means the National Commission for Minorities constituted under this Act;
- (b) **"Chairperson"** means the Chairperson of the Commission as appointed under this Act;
- (c) **"Division concerned"** means the Division to which business of the Commission stands allocated;

- (d) **"member"** means a person appointed as member of the Commission by the Prime Minister under this Act and includes Chairperson;
- (e) **"Fund"** means National Commission for Minorities Fund created under this Act;
- (f) **"Government"** means the Federal Government;
- (g) **"human rights"** means the rights relating to life, liberty and dignity of the citizens guaranteed and included in the international instruments including political and women rights;
- (h) **"minorities"** shall have the same meaning as defined under Article 260 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan;
- (i) **"minorities' rights"** or **"rights of minorities"** include human rights in general, encompasses subject to the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan special safeguards and protections provided by law and any affirmative measures and policy incentives to minorities, exercisable individually and collectively;
- (j) **"prescribed"** means prescribed by rules or regulations made under this Act;
- (k) **"regulations"** means the regulation made under this Act;
- (l) **"rules"** means the rules made under this Act; and
- (m) **"secretary"** means a person appointed as secretary of the Commission under this Act.

Chapter II

National Commission for Minorities

3. Constitution of the Commission.- (1) Upon the commencement of this Act, the National Commission for Minorities shall stand established to exercise its powers and perform its functions under this Act.

The Commission shall consist of-

- (a) two minority members from each Province who shall be citizen of Pakistan, not less than forty years of age with demonstrable knowledge and known integrity from whom one member shall be a woman from each province and one from dominant minorities group of the respective Province;

- (b) one minority member from Islamabad Capital Territory who shall be citizen of Pakistan, not less than forty years of age with demonstrable knowledge and known integrity;
- (c) a representative not below the rank of an officer in BPS-21 or equivalent of the Ministry of Human Rights;
- (d) a representative not below the rank of an officer in BPS-21 or equivalent of the Ministry of Law and Justice;
- (e) a representative not below the rank of an officer in BPS-21 or equivalent of the Ministry of Religious Affairs and Interfaith Harmony; and
- (f) a representative not below the rank of an officer in BPS-21 or equivalent of the Ministry of Interior.

(2) The Chairperson of the Commission shall be appointed by the Prime Minister amongst the members mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) on the recommendations of the Minister-in-charge.

(3) The Commission shall be a body corporate, having perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to acquire and hold property both movable and immovable, and to enter into contracts, and shall by the said name sue and be sued.

(4) The headquarters of the Commission shall be located at Islamabad.

4. Appointment of Chairperson and members.- (1) The Division concerned shall after consultation with-

- (a) Provincial Government concerned, to recommend three names for each Member who fulfill the qualifications as laid down in clause (a) of section 3; and
- (b) Chief Commissioner, Islamabad Capital Territory to recommend three names for Member who fulfill the qualifications as laid down in clause (b) of section 3.

(2) The Division concerned shall forward all recommended names under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) to the Prime Minister for appointment of two members from each Province and one member from Islamabad Capital Territory under section 3 of this Act.

(3) The Chairperson of the Commission shall be head of the Commission and his appointment shall be for full time.

(4) The terms and conditions of services of the Chairman and members of commission shall be prescribed by rules under this Act.

5. Term of office of Chairperson and members.- (1) The Chairperson and every member, other than ex-officio members, shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he enters upon his office.

(2) The Chairperson or a member may, at any time, resign from his office in writing under his hand addressed to the Prime Minister through the Division concerned.

6. Acting Chairperson.- By reason of a vacancy in the office of Chairperson due to death, illness, resignation or otherwise, the Prime Minister shall appoint acting Chairperson from amongst the members of the Commission to act as Chairperson for a period of not exceeding ninety days or till the appointment of a new Chairperson, whichever is earlier.

7. Perks and privileges of Chairperson and members.- (1) The perks and privileges of the Chairperson and members shall be such as may be prescribed by rules from time to time.

(2) The travelling and daily allowance to chairperson, members and *ex-officio* members, shall be such as may be prescribed rules.

8. Vacancy in office of the Chairperson or a member.- If a vacancy occurs in the office of the Chairperson or of any member, whether by reason of death, resignation or removal, such vacancy shall be filled within a period of ninety days by making a fresh appointment in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the person so appointed on the initial appointment shall hold the office for the residual of the term of office of the Chairperson or member of whom the vacancy has arisen.

9. Disqualification.- A person shall be disqualified for becoming or being Chairperson or a member of the Commission, if such person -

- (a) is an un-discharged insolvent or has been by a competent court of law declared as bankrupt or his application for such declaration is pending adjudication of law; or
- (b) has been by a competent court of law declared as of unsound mind or has physical infirmity to discharge his functions under this Act; or
- (c) has been dismissed from service of Pakistan on grounds of inefficiency, misconduct, fraud or corruption; or
- (d) has been by a competent court of law convicted of an offence of moral turpitude.

10. Removal of Chairperson and Members.- The Chairperson and members may be removed from office by the Prime Minister, on the ground of any of the disqualifications specified in section 9, or if he-

- (a) ceases to be a citizen of Pakistan;
- (b) is found guilty of misconduct;
- (c) is adjudged as an insolvent or bankrupt;
- (d) is unfit to continue in office by reason of being mentally or physically challenged and stands so declared by a competent medical authority; or
- (e) has, on conviction of any offence involving moral turpitude been sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than two years, unless a period of five years has elapsed since his release.

11. Secretary, officers and other employees of the Commission.- (1) The Prime Minister on the recommendation of the Division concerned shall appoint Secretary of the Commission in such manner and on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by rules.

(2) The Secretary shall be responsible for proper administration of affairs of the Commission and shall exercise such other powers and perform such other functions as may be prescribed by rules.

(3) The Commission with the consultation of the Division concerned may appoint consultants, researchers, experts, advisers, officers and other staff members in the manner and on such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed by rules.

CHAPTER-III

FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

12. Functions of the Commission.- The Commission shall perform the following functions, namely:-

- (a) assess and monitor implementation of the constitutional guarantees and safeguard for promotion and protection of rights of minorities;
- (b) examine and review existing or proposed policies or programmes, plans of action, legislation, rules, regulations, administrative instruments, or other affirmative measures and to the Division concerned recommend amendments, give advice or propose

suggestion for prevention of discrimination and protection of rights of minorities to the concerned authorities;

- (c) develop a national action plan for promotion and protection of rights of minorities;
- (d) study the application of international minorities, rights, agreements and conventions and provide to the Government reports, proposals or recommendations necessary for effective application of such rights or agreements and conventions;
- (e) establish and maintain database on complaints received concerning violation of rights of minorities or any such violations otherwise coming to notice of the Commission;
- (f) advise on the victims about applicable legal procedures and, where appropriate, assist them in pursuing their complaints with the relevant authorities;
- (g) ensure and monitor implementation of minorities job quota in private and public sector organizations;
- (h) suo-moto or on a petition presented to it by a victim or any person on his behalf, inquire into complaints of-
 - (i) any violation of rights of minorities or abetment or aiding thereof by any organization, public or private, or any body, department, authority or instrumentality of any Federal, Provincial or local government; or
 - (ii) any neglect or willful breach of any provision of law in the prevention of or fair and independent inquiry or investigation of such a violation by any person or authority;
- (i) coordinate with the relevant departments of the Federal and Provincial Governments for special measures for protection of minorities on special occasions, festivals and preservation of places of worship across Pakistan.
- (j) subject to any relevant law, rules, regulations and policy, participate in proceedings involving violation of rights of minorities, before a civil society forum or police or a court, by becoming a party to such proceedings;
- (k) subject to law, a member of the Commission or any person authorized by it may visit any police station, jail or any other place of detention under the control of the Government or its

agencies, where convicts, under trial prisoners, or detainees being minorities are lodged or detained to ascertain legality of such detention and recommend appropriate legal measures to the concerned authorities if so required;

- (l) sponsor, initiate, encourage and undertake studies, research and other necessary interventions for analysis of the issues faced by minorities, and make appropriate recommendations to the Government for empowerment, progress and development of these communities;
- (m) subject to law, seek and receive information, data and documents regarding minorities communities, from relevant department in the course of performance of its functions
- (n) organize consultations, dialogues and seminars, with civil society groups, actors and other similar institutions for promoting awareness on issues of minorities, institutional safeguard available for their protection and proposing a way forward to the Government in these matters;
- (o) monitor implementation, status of minorities rights, judgments and, where necessary, seek guidance and support of higher judiciary to effectively deal with any bottlenecks;
- (p) subject to the relevant law, recommend to the concerned authorities to remove any discriminatory, hate material or other divisive content appearing on social media, which is aimed at any minorities in Pakistan and to take appropriate action under the law against the publishers and creators of such material;
- (q) advise the Government and their relevant departments on promotion of religious tourism of minorities in Pakistan;
- (r) submit special reports to the Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament) through the Division concerned on any matter pertaining to minorities and in particular the challenges encountered by them;
- (s) take special measures for integration of all groups among minorities including dalit and scheduled caste to promote solidarity and eliminate racial discrimination and recommend policy measures for social their emancipation;

- (t) investigation and inquiry in respect of any incident of violation of rights of minorities envisaged under this Act;
- (u) maintenance of data base of all minorities in Pakistan;
- (v) inspection, rehabilitation, development of worship places and wherever need be take up matter with relevant government for protection of religious sites of minority;
- (w) the Commission shall monitor and prepare an independent fact finding report and to submit to the Division concerned on all complaints or information arising out of forced conversion and marriages as a result of alleged abduction of minority girls;
- (x) carry out such other functions related or incidental to the above functions as the Commission may consider necessary for promotion and protection of the rights of minorities under this Act.

13. Advice of the Commission.- The Federal Government *and Provincial Governments* may refer to the Commission for opinion any issue deemed appropriate relating to the functions of the Commission.

14. Financial and legal support for rehabilitation.- Notwithstanding anything contained in other law for the time being enforce, the Federal Government shall allocate adequate rehabilitation fund to the Commission for extending financial and legal aid to the victims of the minority communities.

15. Administrative and financial powers of the Commission.- (1) The Commission shall enjoy complete administrative and financial autonomy.

(2) The Commission shall have full powers to create new posts and abolish old posts, to change nomenclature and upgrade or downgrade any post provided the expenditure is met from within the allocated budget of the Commission.

(3) The Commission shall have full powers to appropriate, in the manner as may be prescribed by regulations, funds from one head of account to another head of account and to sanction expenditure on any item from within the allocated budget.

(4) The Chairperson shall be the chief executive officer of the Commission and also its principal accounting officer.

16. Procedure of meeting of the Commission. - (1) The Commission shall regulate its own procedure in the manner prescribed by regulations.

(2) The Commission shall meet at least on quarterly basis or whenever a need so arises.

(3) Notice for the meeting either at the direction of the Chairperson or when so requested by one-third of the Commission's total strength shall be issued, along with agenda, at least ten days before the date of meeting.

(4) The quorum for meetings shall be one-half of the Commission's total existing strength, including any members joining through modern techniques like video link conferencing.

(5) No decision of the Commission shall be valid unless taken by a majority of the total members present and voting:

Provided that where an issue or matter pertains to a particular minority, no decision of the Commission shall be valid unless the members belonging to that minority community are part of the session of the Commission in which such a decision is taken.

(6) In the event of a tie, the person chairing the meeting shall have a casting vote.

(7) The Chairperson may invite to the Commission's meeting any persons whose opinion or experience he deems appropriate to seek concerning a matter brought before the Commission for discussion, decision or review. Any such person shall not be entitled to vote.

(8) All orders and decisions of the Commission shall be authenticated by the Secretary or any other officer of the Commission duly authorized by the Chairperson in this behalf.

17. Vacancy not to invalidate proceedings of Commission. - No act or proceedings of the Commission shall be invalid merely by reason of existing of a vacancy in or defect in constitution of the Commission.

18. Executive Committee of the Commission. - (1) The Commission shall constitute an executive committee comprising the Chairperson, two members to be elected by the Commission and Secretary of the Commission.

(2) The executive committee constituted under sub-section (1) shall perform such functions as may be prescribed by regulations and as may be assigned by the commission.

19. Appointment of sub-committees of the Commission. - (1) The Commission may constitute sub-committees comprising of its members, including Chairperson and may refer to them any matter for consideration.

(2) The Commission may as it thinks fit constitute an expert or advisory committee, possessing a special knowledge, which shall fix an honorarium for services of the experts from the designated fund.

(3) The sub-committees constituted under sub-section (2) shall be need based and time bound.

CHAPTER-IV

POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

20. Inquiry into complaints.- (1) The Commission, while inquiring into the complaints of violations of minorities' rights, may call for information or report from the Government or any other authority or organization subordinate thereto, within such time as may be specified by it:

Provided that if the information or report is not received within the time stipulated for the purpose, the Commission may proceed to inquire into the complaint on its own.

(2) Without prejudice to anything contained in sub-section (1), if the Commission considers it necessary, having regard to nature of the complaint, it may initiate an inquiry without calling for any information or report.

(3) If at any stage of the inquiry, the Commission-

(a) considers it necessary to inquire into the conduct of any person;
or

(b) is of the opinion that the reputation of any person is likely to be prejudicially affected by the inquiry,

it shall give to that person a reasonable opportunity of being heard and to produce evidence in his defence:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply where the credit of a witness is being impeached.

21. Powers of the Commission relating to inquiries. - (1) The Commission shall, while inquiring into complaints under this Act, have all the powers of a civil court trying a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), in respect of the following matters, namely: -

(a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of witnesses and examine them on oath;

(b) requiring discovery and production of documents;

(c) receiving evidence on affidavits;

- (d) requisitioning any public record or copy thereof from any court or office; and
- (e) issuing commission for the examination of witnesses or documents.

(2) The Commission shall have power to require any person, subject to any privilege which may be claimed by that person to furnish information on such points or matters as in opinion of the Commission may be useful for or relevant to the subject matter of the inquiry.

(3) The Commission may take any of the following, amongst others, steps upon the completion of an inquiry held under this Act, namely: -

- (a) where the inquiry discloses violation of minorities' rights or negligence in prevention of violation of minorities' rights by a public servant, it may recommend to the concerned Government or authority the initiation of proceedings for prosecution or such other action as the Commission may deem fit against the concerned person or persons;
- (b) recommend to the concerned Government or authority for the grant of such immediate interim relief to the victim or the members of his family as the Commission may consider necessary;
- (c) provide a copy of the inquiry report to the accused and complainant or his representative;
- (d) the Commission shall send a copy of its inquiry report together with its recommendations to the concerned Government or authority which shall, within a period of one month or such further time as the Commission may allow, submit its reply indicating the action taken or proposed to be taken to implement the recommendations or reasons why these cannot or should not be implemented; or
- (e) the Commission shall publish its inquiry report together with its recommendations and the reply of the Government or authority thereto, and place the same on its website.

(4) The Commission may recommend any disciplinary action to the competent authority against any person or employee, as the case may be, on non-compliance of the order of the Commission under this Act.

22. Statement made to the Commission.- Any statement made by a person while giving evidence before the Commission shall not subject him to, or be used

against him, in any civil or criminal proceeding except prosecution for giving false evidence.

23. Protecting witness identity.- Where the Commission considers it necessary to protect the identity of a person who has made a complaint or furnished or proposes to furnish information or produced or proposes to produce a document or given or proposes to give evidence or made or proposes to make a submission to the Commission or to a person acting for or on behalf of the Commission, it may give directions prohibiting the disclosure of the identity of such person:

Provided that if the Commission is satisfied that such person, his family, friends or associates are at risk of any kind of serious harm in the case of disclosure of his identity, it may give directions for their protection:

Provided further that such directions may, where appropriate, include directions for giving requisite physical protection, security of employment, protection of privacy and securing human rights of such person..

24. Council of the Commission.- (1) There shall be a Council to be established under this Act. The Council shall exercise all powers, perform all functions, do all acts and things which assigned to it by the Commission.

(2) The Council shall consist of the following eighteen members from whom,-

- (a) three members from Hindus out of which two from scheduled caste;
- (b) three members from Christians;
- (c) two members from Sikhs;
- (d) one member from Bahai;
- (e) two Muslim members;
- (f) one ex-officio member from Council of Islamic Ideology;
- (g) one representative of Evacuee Trust Property Board;
- (h) one representative from each Provincial Human Rights or Minorities Affairs Departments; and
- (i) one minority member from Islamabad Capital Territory.

(3) The members of the council shall be appointed by the Prime Minister on the recommendations of the Division concerned on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

(4) The tenure of the members other than the ex-officio members shall be for three years.

(5) The Council shall perform such powers and exercise such functions as assigned to it by the Commission from time to time.

CHAPTER-V

FUNDS, FINANCE, ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT

25. National Commission for Minorities Fund. - (1) There shall be created a fund to be known as the National Commission for Minorities Fund which shall vest in the Commission and shall be used by the Commission to meet charges in connection with its functions under this Act.

(2) The following shall be the sources of the Fund, created under sub-section (1), namely: -

- (a) such annual grants as shall be allocated by the Government;
- (b) donations, contributions or grants made by the Provincial Governments;
- (c) donations, if any, made by private individuals, national and international institutions and other Governments; and
- (d) income from investment made by the Commission.

(3) There shall be a separate account maintained at a scheduled bank for meeting routine expenses of the Commission out of the Fund in the manner as may be prescribed in the regulations.

26. Expenditure to be charged on the Fund. - The following expenditures shall be charged to the Fund, namely: -

- (a) expenditure lawfully incurred by the Commission, relating to remuneration of its members, employees, advisers and consultants, including legal fees and other costs;
- (b) expenses, costs or expenditure incurred or accepted by the Commission in performance of its functions or in exercise of its powers under this Act;
- (c) purchasing or hiring of accommodation, equipment, machinery, repair and maintenance thereof and any other work or undertaking in the course of performance of its functions or in the exercise of its powers under this Act; and
- (d) repayment of any financial liabilities.

27. Accounts and audit. - (1) The Commission shall maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts in such a form as may be prescribed in accordance with the provisions of Articles 169 and 170 of the Constitution.

(2) The Chairperson shall be the principal accounting officer of the Commission and the accounts of the Commission shall be audited by the Auditor-General at such intervals as may be specified by him.

(3) The Auditor-General and any person appointed by him in connection with the audit of the accounts of the Commission under this Act shall have the same rights and privileges and the authority in connection with the audit of Government's accounts and in particular shall have the right to demand the production of books, accounts, connected vouchers, other related documents and papers, and to inspect any of the offices of the Commission.

(4) The accounts of the Commission, as certified by the Auditor-General or any other person appointed by him in this behalf, together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded annually to the Federal Government through the Division concerned by the Commission, and the Federal Government shall cause the audit report to be laid, as soon as may be after it is received, before both Houses of the Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament).

CHAPTER-VI

MISCELLANEOUS

28. Annual and other reports.- (1) The Commission shall, by end of September each year, prepare an annual report giving a true and full account of the Commission's activities during the previous financial year along with any recommendations.

(2) The Chairperson shall present the annual report to the President. The Commission shall simultaneously forward copies of the report to the Government.

(3) The Commission may at any time prepare special reports on any matters which in its opinion are of particular urgency or importance.

(4) The Federal Government shall, within three months of receipt of annual report and within one month of receipt of any special report, cause these reports to be laid before each House of the Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament) along with a memorandum indicating the action taken or proposed to be taken on the recommendations of the Commission and reasons for non-implementation of the recommendations, if any.

(5) In case of non-acceptance of any recommendations, the Federal Government shall inform the Commission of its reasons thereof.

(6) The Commission shall, after presentation to the President under sub-section (2), place the annual report and special reports on its official website for information of general public.

29. Chairperson, members and employees of the Commission to be public servants.— The Chairperson, members and employees of the Commission shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

30. Returns or information.— The Commission shall furnish to the Federal Government such returns or other information with respect to its activities as the Federal Government may, from time to time, require.

31. Delegation of powers.— The Commission may, by notification in the official Gazette, delegate such of its powers as deemed necessary to a standing committee or a member.

32. Indemnity.— No suit or any other proceeding shall lie against the Commission, Chairperson, member or employee of the Commission for anything which is done in good faith, in pursuance of this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder or by or under the authority of the Commission.

33. Power to make rules.— (1) The Federal Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act in respect of its external matters or such other matters as specified in this Act.

34. Power to make regulations.— (1) The Commission may, with approval of the Federal Government and by notification in the official Gazette, make regulations for the conduct of its internal business, including efficiently and effectively organizing and managing its resources and its administrative, operational and other functions under this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to generality of the foregoing powers, the regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) salary, allowances, status, privileges and other terms and conditions of service of the members appointed under section 4;
- (b) terms and conditions of service of officers and other staff including their salaries and allowances;
- (c) the form in which the annual statement of accounts is to be prepared under this Act; and
- (d) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed by regulations under this Act.

35. Act to have overriding effect.- The provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything contrary contained in any other law for the time being in force.

36. Power to remove difficulties.- If a difficulty arises in giving effect to any provision of this Act, the Federal Government may, within a period not exceeding two years of the commencement of this Act and by order in writing published in the official Gazette, make such provision as may appear to it to be necessary for removing the difficulty.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

- (1) Whereas all citizens are equal before law and entitled to equal protection of law according to the Constitution of Pakistan, 1973.
- (2) Whereas the state is bound to promote respect of Religious Diversity and create favorable conditions in which followers of Minority Religions are enabled to freely practice, express and develop their own culture as it is guaranteed in the Constitution of Pakistan, 1973.
- (3) Whereas the Islamic Republic of Pakistan is a state party to various International Instruments on Human Rights, including the Declaration on the Rights of Persons belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities of the United Nations which require measures for the protection of the Religious Minorities and their promotion.
- (4) Whereas the state is committed to protect, empower and develop underrepresented Communities, including Religious Minorities, to ensure their effective participation in economic, political and public life.
- (5) Whereas, the Supreme Court of Pakistan, in a judgment dated 19.06.2014 in Suo Moto Case No. 1 of 2014, on the protection of Minorities, has directed that Federal Government should constitute a statutory body for monitoring and making appropriate recommendation for realization of the constitutional and legal safeguards guaranteed to the religious minorities under the constitution and the law; and
- (6) Whereas, in pursuance of Article 144 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, the provincial Assemblies of Khyber Pakhtunkhawa and Balochistan in their sittings held on 06.08.2021 (Resolution No.1186) and 09.06.2023 conveyed vide letter No.SO(M)2-31/2022/266, dated 12.06.2023 respectively have unanimously passed Resolutions, which resolve that Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament), may by Law establish National Commission for Minorities;
- (7) Now therefore, the instant Bill, titled the "National Commission for Minorities Act, 2024", is placed before this House for consideration and approval.

Azam Nazeer Tarar
Federal Minister