

SENATE SECRETARIAT

“QUESTIONS FOR ORAL ANSWERS AND THEIR REPLIES”

to be asked at a sitting of the Senate to be held on

Friday, the 1st November, 2013

DEFERRED QUESTIONS

- (i) Question Nos. 20 and 21 : Originally set down for answering on 21st August, 2013
(97th Session)
- (ii) Question No. 101 : Originally set down for answering on 29th August, 2013
(97th Session)

20. ***Mr. Saeed Ghani:** (Notice received on 03-07-2013 at 3:00 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state the number of cases of privatization challenged in the courts since 1990 indicating also the judgments passed by the courts and the action taken by the government in the light of judgments in each case?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: Since 1990 Seven (07) cases of privatisation have been challenged. Courts, details of such cases, including judgments passed by the Courts and action taken by the Government in light of Judgment, in each case are placed at Annexure-A.

21. ***Mr. Saeed Ghani:** (Notice received on 03-07-2013 at 3:00 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state the number of cases of privatization undertaken by FIA, NAB or any other agency for investigation since 1990 indicating also the findings of investigation and the action taken by the Government in the light of those findings in each case?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: The detail of cases/ enquiries undertaken by FIA & NAB during the period 1991 to 2013 is placed at Annexure-A.

Annexure-A

Enquiry No. Subject of case & Name of the Unit	Answer
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FIA ENQUIRIES/ CASES

1. FIA Enquiry No. 01 of 1995 Original file/ record handed over to

FIA. S.B.C Rawalpindi
Privatisation of Pioneer Steel Mills (Pvt) Ltd.

FIA but no response received by
FIA till date.

(Pioneer Steel Mills)

2. FIA Enquiry No. 29 of 1994
FIA. S.B.C Rawalpindi
Privatisation of M/S Pak Saudi Fertilizer

-do-

(Pak Saudi Fertilizer)

(F.A.C.C)
Allegation of corruption During Privatisation of
Fazal Ghee Mills, Islamabad

-do-

(Fazal Ghee Mills)

4. FIA Enquiry No. 35 of 1994
FIA. S.B.C Rawalpindi
Maple Leaf Cement, Mianwali

-do-

(Maple Leaf Cement)

5. FIA Enquiry No. 34 of 1994
FIA. S.B.C Rawalpindi
Privatisation of Dandot Cement Factory, Islamabad

-do-

(Dandot Cement Factory)

6. FIA Enquiry No. 18 of 1995
FIA Karachi
Zeal Pak Cement, Karachi

-do-

(Zeal Pak Cement)

7. FIA Enquiry No. 03 of 1995
FIA S.B.C Rawalpindi
Pak PVC Ghero

(Pak PVC Ghero)

Enquiry No. Subject of case & Name of the Unit	Answer
8. FIA Enquiry No. 11 of 1995 FIA S.B.C Rawalpindi Pak China Fertilizers, Haripur (Pak China Fertilizers)	Original file/ record handed over to FIA but no response received by FIA till date.
9. FIA Enquiry No. 03 of 1996 FIA S.B.C Rawalpindi Republic Motors (Republic Motors)	-do-
10. Case FIR No. 16 of 96 SBC Rawalpindi Naya Daur Motors, Karachi (Naya Daur Motors)	-do-

- 11 (F.A.C.C) -do-
P.N.A
Shikarpur Rice Mills
(Shikarpur Rice Mills)
12. Case FIR No.30 of 1996 u/s 406/420/468/471/34 -do-
P.P.C against Directors of National Fibers, Karachi
(National Fibers)
-

101. ***Syeda Sughra Imam:** (Notice received on 25-06-2013 at 09:00 a.m.)

Will the Minister for Planning and Development be pleased to state the names/details of the projects to be executed under new development initiatives, for which funds have been allocated in the budget for FY 2013-14?

Mr. Ahsan Iqbal: An amount of Rs. 115,000 million has been earmarked for undertaking new development initiatives by the Government. This amount will subsequently be reallocated and utilized against the projects approved by CDWP/ ECNEC.

The specific projects have not yet been identified. Details of such projects would be made available on the website of Ministry of Planning & Development during the year for information of all concerned.

91. ***Mir Muhammad Yousuf Badini:** (Notice received on 30-08-2013 at 12:45 pm)

Will the Minister for Planning and Development be pleased to state whether the planning commission has ever devised any plan to control floods in the country, if not, whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to devolve such a plan or launch some projects for the purpose?

Mr. Ahsan Iqbal: The Ministry of Planning and Development in coordination with Federal Flood Commission and Provincial irrigation departments prepared the following flood protection plans;

- The First Flood Protection Sector Plan (FPSP-I) was approved by ECNEC on 24th May 1989 at a cost of Rs. 2,886.726 million.
- Second Flood Protection Sector Plan (FPSP-II) was approved on January 22, 1998 at a cost of Rs. 8000 million.
- A PC-I for Strengthening of Federal Flood Commission was approved at a total cost of Rs. 39.5 million in year 2010.

- Planning Commission prepared Flood Reconstruction Plan 2010.
- In addition to above long terms plans Ministry of Planning and Development allocates regular budgets to normal annual flood development plans for this purpose an amount of Rs. 1000 million has been kept for normal flood sector projects in PSDP 2013-14 for all the four provinces including Northern Area, FATA and AJ&K.
- At present, Federal Flood Commission has the responsibility to prepare indigenous/in house national plans/annual plans having two grade 21 technical officers and other officers/staff.

92. ***Syeda Sughra Imam:** (Notice received on 30-08-2013 at 12:55 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state the role of Economic Affairs Division in international donor projects and programs which are launched in partnership with the Provincial Governments?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: Under the rule 7(1)(4) of the Rules of Business, 1973, Economic Affairs Division (Annex-I) is mandated to secure financial resources from donor countries and organizations through negotiations and signing of loans and grants agreement to finance the development projects of federal entities and Provinces.

The Provincial governments through their P&D Departments requests EAD to approach foreign donors for funding the projects/ programmes.

The projects, where 25% or above foreign component is involved are cleared by ECNEC. EAD arranges foreign assistance for such projects received from the provincial governments. Once the foreign loan is acquired it is relented to the provincial government as per prescribed relending policy (Annex-II).

93. ***Mr. Muhammad Zafarullah Khan Dhandla:** (Notice received on 30-08-2013 at 02:50 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

- the date on which Pak American Fertilizers, Iskandarabad (Daud Khel) was privatized; and*
- the price at which the same was privatized/sold?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) Pak American Fertilizer was privatised on July 15, 2006.

(b) Pak American Fertilizer Limited was privatised for Rs. 16.10 billion.
94. ***Mr. Abdul Haseeb Khan:** (Notice received on 02-09-2013 at 09:00 am)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

(a) *the revenue collected by the Federal Government under various heads during the last three years with province-wise break-up; and*

(b) *the revenue collected by the Federal Government during the said period from Karachi, Lahore, Quetta and Peshawar, separately?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) Province-wise break-up of Federal Tax Receipts is annexed as **Annexure-I**.

(b) The Federal Tax Revenue collected from Karachi, Lahore, Quetta and Peshawar is annexed as **Annexure-II**.

95. ***Mr. Muhammad Talha Mehmood:** (Notice received on 03-09-2013 at 02:30 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state the steps being taken by the Government to reduce dependency on foreign loans?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: Pakistan's foreign debt comprises loans from international financial institutions (for instance, the World Bank and the Asian Development Bank), bilateral and multilateral official assistance, and standby arrangements with the International Monetary Fund. One of the purposes behind these loans is to build our foreign exchange reserves; but for the most part, they are entailed by our lack of resources for development.

The Project Aid for the fiscal year 2013-14 has been projected at Rs. 576.419 billion. The repayment during 2013-14 shall be Rs. 407.680 billion and net foreign borrowing comes out to Rs. 168.740 billion. External resources comprise (i) project loans (ii) loans and credits from friendly countries and specialized international agencies e.g. the World Bank, IMF, ADB, IDB and IDA/IBRD etc. and (iii) grant assistance under Food Aid Convention, World Food Programme and other specific country programmes. The loans, credits and grant assistance, collectively described as foreign aid.

To improve the resource position, the Government of Pakistan is currently following a multipronged Medium Term Budgetary Strategy under which:

- (i) The Federal Board of Revenue will increase the Tax-to-GDP ratio by expanding the tax base, improving tax administration, bringing tax evaders in the tax net, and eliminating tax exemptions and zero ratings; and
- (ii) The Finance Division has slashed current expenditure up to 30% during the current fiscal year & will further rationalize expenditures, in particular non-targeted subsidies.

On the other hand, in order to build our foreign exchange reserves, the State Bank of Pakistan is in the process of improving the incentives regime (*i.e.*, the Pakistan Remittances Initiative) to encourage remittances by Pakistanis working abroad. Similarly, the Ministry of Commerce has formulated a comprehensive trade policy to boost exports over the medium term.

With these initiatives in place, it is expected that the external Debt-to-GDP ratio will improve from its level of 24.3% in FY 2011-12 to 15.6% in FY 2015-16

96 ***Mrs. Khalida Parveen:** (Notice received on 04-09-2013 at 03:50 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

- (a) *the length of service required for a General Manager to be promoted as Executive Director in HBFCL; and*
- (b) *whether it is a fact that in 2007 some employees / General Managers of the said corporation were promoted without completing the required length of service and recommendations of Selection Board, if so, the action taken / being taken by the Government against the violation of rules / law?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) No length of Service for promotion from post of General Manager to Executive Director has been prescribed in the promotion policy of HBFCL.

(b) The post of Executive Director is a selection post, therefore, promotion to the Executive Grade rests with the Board. As such length of service in the grade of General Manager has not been prescribed.

97. ***Mrs. Khalida Parveen :** (Notice received on 04-09-2013 at 03:50 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state whether it is a fact that it has been pointed out in the audit reports of House Building Finance Corporation Limited of the year 2011 that a huge amount was paid to some officers of the Corporation as bonus / honorarium without any justification, if so, the names and designation of such officers and the action taken by the Government in this regard?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: Yes, a list containing names and designations of officers / officials of HBFCL who were granted bonus and honorarium is annexed.

Finance Division enquired the matter. HBFCL informed that performance based bonus was granted to the employees of HBFCL with the approval of the Board of Directors for which it was competent. However, subsequently on the issue of BoD's legality coupled with its poor performances, Finance Division in July 2012 sacked two directors of HBFCL's BoD, with prior consultation of SBP.

(Annexures have been placed on the Table of the House as well as Library.)

98. ***Mr. Saleem H. Mandviwalla:** (Notice received on 06-09-2013 at 00:00)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that Benazir Income Support Program falls under the umbrella of the National Income Support Fund, and / or the difference between the two if any;*
- (b) whether it is a fact that budgetary allocation of National Income Support Fund has been increased to 75 billions, if so, the amount released by the Ministry of Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization out of the same so far with head-wise breakup;*
- (c) whether it is also a fact that funds have not been allocated even for maintenance of the BISP organization such as employees' salaries, office maintenance and day to day operational cost, if so, its reasons,*
- (d) the overall mandate of the National Income Support Fund and the names of other programs launched / proposed to be launched under that Fund; and*
- (e) the number of beneficiaries who have received support under the Income Support Program during the current financial year so far?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) The Benazir Income Support Programme was established under Act No. XVIII of 2010. However, there is no such fund titled National Income Support Fund in the Budget Book.

(b) There is no Budget allocation under the nomenclature of National Income Support Fund.

(c) An amount of Rs. 18.75 billion has been released to BISP.

(d) There is no such fund with the name of NISF. The question about launching the programme under this fund therefore does not arise.

(e) No individual beneficiary has received direct support out of NISP.

99. ***Mr. Abdul Haseeb Khan:** (Notice received on 10-09-2013 at 12:00 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs; Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

(a) *the amount of coalition support fund due to be paid to Pakistan at present;*

(b) *whether it is a fact that the Government of Pakistan instead of obtaining the said amount has borrowed from IMF, if so, its reasons; and*

(c) *the steps taken or proposed to be taken by the Government to get the outstanding amount of coalition support fund?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) Against the CSF claims of US\$ 15825.957 million from Oct-2001 to Oct-2013. US Govt released US\$ 10775.90 million, remaining amount is outstanding.

(b) There is no link between the provision of funds from CSF and contracting of Extended Fund Facility (EFF) for \$ 6.64 billion with International Monetary Fund (IMF). CSF is a reimbursement of funds which have been spent by the Government whereas the purpose of the IMF program is to improve the medium-term growth outlook and move toward sustainable fiscal and external positions. The IMF program is expected to help boost economy, improve balance of payments, rebuild reserves, reduce the fiscal deficit and ensure structural reforms to enhance investment and growth.

(c) Continuous efforts are being made by Joint Services Headquarters (JSHQ) to have the outstanding amount cleared. The delay is due to the procedural methodology of US authorities.

100. ***Mr. Abdul Haseeb Khan:** (Notice received on 10-09-2013 at 12:00 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

(a) *the amount of domestic debts and liabilities as on 30th June, 2008 and 30th June, 2013; and*

(b) *the amount of domestic loans obtained between the said dates and details of its utilization?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) The amount of domestic debts and liabilities as on 30th June, 2008 and 30th June, 2013 was **Rs.3274.5 billion** and **Rs.9521.9 billion** respectively.

(b) The domestic loans amounting to **Rs.6246.6 billion** have been obtained between the above said dates, year-wise details and its utilization are as under:—

<u>Year</u>	<u>Rs. in billion loan obtained</u>
2008-09	585.4
2009-10	793.9
2010-11	1362.1
2011-12	1621.3
2012-13	1883.8
Total:	6246.6

The amount obtained through the domestic borrowings is credited to the Government Account No.1 being maintained by State Bank of Pakistan and utilized as per requirements of the Government for both current and development expenditure.

101. ***Mr. Heman Dass:** (Notice received on 12-09-2013 at 10:40 am)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

(a) *the amount of loan approved for Pakistan by the World Bank during the current year; and*

(b) *the terms and conditions of the said loan?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) During the current FY 2013-14, no loan was approved for Pakistan by the World Bank Board of Directors. However, during the current calendar year, *i.e.* January 2013 on-wards, following two credits are approved for Pakistan by the World Bank.

Name of Credit	Approved Amount (US\$ Million)	Terms and Conditions
2nd Sindh Education Sector	400.00	For both credits: Maturity Period: 20 years

Project		Grace Period:	5 years
Punjab	100.00	Interest Rate:	1.25%
Health		Commitment Charge:	0-0.5%
Sector		Service Charge:	0.75%
Reforms			
Project			
<hr/>			
Total	500.00		
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102. ***Mr. Muhammad Zahid Khan:** (Notice received on 13-09-2013 at 10:35 am)

Will the Minister for Planning and Development be pleased to state the number of members of Planning Commission of Pakistan with, province-wise break-up?

Mr. Ashan Iqbal: Currently, there is only one full time Member of Planning Commission. He is domiciled in the Punjab Province. The process of filling vacant positions through a transparent and merit based system is under process to transform Planning Commission into a thought and knowledge leader for development.

103. ***Mr. Mushahaid Hussain Syed:** (Notice received on 17-09-2013 at 10:30 am)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

- (a) *the amount disbursed to clear the circular debt during the present regime indicating also whether the same was disbursed in one go or otherwise;*
- (b) *the names of owners of the IPPs to which the said amount was disbursed indicating also the amount disbursed in each case;*
- (c) *the criterion laid down/adopted for the disbursement of the said amount; and*
- (d) *whether the circular debt was fully cleared, if not, the names of IPPs to which the amount is still to be paid indicating also the amount to be paid in each case?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) The present Government cleared the power sector circular debt stock of Rs.480.109 billion in two phases; In the first phase, a cash amount of Rs.342 billion was disbursed on 28th June, 2013. In the second phase, a non-cash settlement of Rs.138 billion was completed on 21st July, 2013. Detail of these transactions are placed at **Annex-A.**

(b) The payments were released to IPPs and not to their owners. Names of IPPs and other entities to whom these payments were made are placed at **Annex-B.**

(c) Payments to IPPs were made by the Power Purchaser *i.e.* NTDC according to the terms and conditions of the Power Purchase Agreements between the parties. However, NTDC verified the IPPs claims through internal controls. Besides, these payments are also subject to audit by Auditor General of Pakistan.

(d) The overdue amount of circular debt stock was Rs.503 billion as on 31st May, 2013. Of this amount, circular debt settlement of Rs.480 billion was completed. The remaining amount of Rs.23 billion was pended for subsequent settlement since this amount related to liquidated damages and was to be decided through appointment of neutral umpire. The detail of these liquidated damages is given at **Annex-C**.

104. ***Mr. Saleem H. Mandviwalla:** (Notice received on 19-09-2013 at 00:00)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

- (a) *the details of current debt obtained by the Government from the State Bank of Pakistan since June 2013;*
- (b) *whether it is a fact that the Government borrowed Rs.650 billion from the State Bank of Pakistan from 8th June to 30th August, 2013, in violation of State Bank of Pakistan Act, if so, its reasons?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) The detail of current debt obtained by the Government from State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) since June, 2013 is as under:—

	<u>(Rs. In billion)</u>
June, 2013	145.2
July, 2013	302.7
August, 2013	235.5
Total	683.4

(b) The Government has borrowed Rs. 683.4 billion from the State Bank of Pakistan from 8th June, 2013 to 30th August, 2013. SBP Act provides that in case the borrowing from State Bank of Pakistan for budgetary support exceeds the limit, the Finance Minister shall place before the Parliament a statement giving justification for the said borrowing. This will be done in course of time.

105. ***Mr. Saleem H. Mandviwalla:** (Notice received on 19-09-2013 at 00:00)

Will the Minister for Planning and Development be pleased to state whether it is a fact that ECNEC has recently approved the project of reconstruction of Nawabshah - Sanghar road in Sindh with the condition that the entire cost of the project will be borne by the Government of Sindh and no funds will be attracted from donor agencies whereas during the same meeting, federal funds were allocated for projects in other provinces, if so, the reasons for this disparity?

Mr. Ahsan Iqbal: The ECNEC in its meeting held on 13-09-2013 approved the project titled “Reconstruction of Nawabshah – Sanghar Road” in Sindh at total cost of Rs.2,094.747 million including Chinese foreign funding equivalent to Rs.1,780.535 million with the stipulation that in case the Chinese Loan was not available the entire cost of the Project will be met by the Government of Sindh.

The Sponsor of the Project was the Government of Sindh and in its proposal in the Project it would have paid for the Project implementation through its own contribution to the Project during its execution and repayment of loan in later years. Thus ECNEC did not materially change the financing liability of the Project as proposed by the Government of Sindh by stipulating that the cost of the Project would be met by the Government of Sindh except in clarifying that the Government of Sindh would bear the expenditures in case the proposed foreign funding is not available. The Government of Sindh did not object to this financial arrangement in the ECNEC meeting. The Project thus does not bear similarity to other projects of provincial governments discussed during the meeting and therefore the question of disparity does not arise.

106. ***Syeda Sughra Imam:** (Notice received on 23-09-2013 at 09:00 am)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state:

- (a) *the devaluation of Pakistani currency since 2008;*
- (b) *the benefits of the said devaluation, if any?*

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) State Bank of Pakistan follows a flexible exchange rate regime where the value of Pakistani rupee *vis-a-vis* other currencies is determined in the foreign exchange market through the forces of supply and demand in both domestic and international markets. Devaluation is a term used for fixed exchange regimes where the Central Bank or Government decides the value of exchange rate from time to time. Thus the concept of devaluation does not arise. However, since 2008 to 28th October, 2013, Pak rupee has depreciated by 35.8% against US dollar. Most of the depreciation during this period has taken place in FY08 and FY09 when the rupee depreciated by 11.7 percent and 16.0 percent respectively.

(b) To avoid excessive volatility in exchange rate and ensure smooth functioning of the foreign exchange market, SBP occasionally intervenes in the foreign exchange market. However, it is pertinent to highlight that SBP does not aim to keep the exchange rate at any pre-determined level because research and experiences of central banks suggest that allowing economic fundamentals to determine the value of exchange rate provides stability to balance of payments position. It is important to remember that only a consistent increase in foreign exchange inflows can ensure stability in the market.

The depreciation of rupee during the period is also a reflection of overall balance of payments position of the country. During the period, except for FY11, the external current

account has remained in deficit and capital & financial inflows continued to decline and showed a net outflow in FY13. While the external current account deficit in the recent years has remained quite low, it was the falling capital and financial inflows together with the debt repayments to IMF that primarily explain the weak overall balance of payment position, falling foreign exchange reserves, and depreciation of rupee.

107. ***Syeda Sughra Imam:** (Notice received on 23-09-2013 at 09:00 am)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state whether it is a fact that there is discrepancy in the figures of external receipts included in the annual budget statement for financial year 2013-14 and in the budget in brief for that year, if so, its reasons?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: (a) No.

108. ***Mrs. Naseema Ehsan:** (Notice received on 01-10-2013 at 02:15 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state the number of members of Board of Directors of the State Bank of Pakistan with province-wise break-up?

Mr. Muhammad Ishaq Dar: The number of members of Board of Directors of the State Bank of Pakistan is 10 including Governor, SBP, Finance Secretary and Eight directors. Province-wise break-up is as follows:—

S#	Name of Province	Number
1	Punjab	1
2	Sindh	4
3	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	1
4	Balochistan	1

*One member is from Islamabad.

109. ***Mr. Farhatullah Babar:** (Notice received on 04-10-2013 at 02:55 pm)

Will the Minister for Finance, Revenue, Economic Affairs, Statistics and Privatization be pleased to state the pay, allowances, perks and retirement benefits admissible to Civilian Government Officials in BPS-22, Defence Service Officers of the rank of Major General and above, Official in MP-1 scale and Judges of High Courts and Supreme Court of Pakistan as on 23rd March, 2008 and 16th March, 2013, respectively?

Reply not received.

110. *Mrs. Sehar Kamran: (Notice received on 08-10-2013 at 03:10 pm)

Will the Minister for Industries and Production be pleased to state:

- (a) *the number of persons presently working in Pakistan Steel Mills;*
- (b) *whether it is a fact that salaries to some of the said persons were not paid on due dates during the year 2013, if so, its reasons; and*
- (c) *the number of the said persons whose salaries are still to be paid and the time by which the same will be paid?*

Mr. Ghulam Murtaza Khan Jatoi: (a) The number of persons presently working in Pakistan Steel Mills as on 30-09-2013 is 16005. The detail is at Annexure-A.

(b) All the employees of Pakistan Steel Mills have been paid full salary upto July, 2013. However, on the eve of Eid-UI-Azha, amount of Rs. 10,000/- was paid to each employee of Pakistan Steel Mills against their salary for the month of August, 2013. The remaining salary for the month of August, 2013 & September, 2013 is payable to employees. Salary has not been paid due to non availability of funds.

(c) Salaries of all employees will be paid as soon as funds are made available by Government.

Annexure-A

STATEMENT SHOWING THE MANPOWER POSITION
AS ON 30-09-2013

DESIGNATION / GRADES /OFFICERS	HOLDING
CEO / Directors / PEOs	1
General Manager	22
DCEs / DGMs	32
S.Es / Managers	287
XENs / DMs	2032
AXENs / AMs	2130
Junior Officers (MPSE)	378
Total:	4882

STAFF / WORKER

HSW-III	722
HSW-II	771
HSW-I	1060
Pay Group-VII	1589
Pay Group-VI	712
Pay Group-V	968
Pay Group-IV	2758
Pay Group-III	261
Pay Group-II	1237
Pay Group-I	100
<hr/>	
Total:	10183
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Grand Total:	15065
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DESIGNATION / GRADES /OFFICERS	HOLDING
<hr/>	
On Contract through Pakistan Steel	324
On Contract through (H.W.T)	56
Daily Wage Workers / JS	560
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Total:	940
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GRAND TOTAL:	16005
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ISLAMABAD :
The 31st October, 2013.

AMJED PERVEZ,
Secretary.